# ZAKHAROVA, 1. Ya.

USSR/Microbiology. General Microbiology.

F-1

Abs Jour: Ref. Zhur-Biol., No 7,1958, 28882.

Author : Zakharova. Inst : Not given.

Title : Activity of Purine and Mucleic Acid Deaminases in the Original Cultures and in Secondary Cultures Regenerated from Filtrates of B. Breslau.

Orig Pub: Aktivnost dezaminaz purinov i nukeinovykh filtratov B. breslau i u iskhodnykh kultur. Mikrobiol. zh., 1957, 19, No 1, 17-24.

Abstract: The activity of purine and nucleic acid desaminases in 22 secondary cultures regenerated from filtrates of Bacterium breslau, and in the original cultures of this species, was determined. Of all the enzymes studied, adenase was the most active. Secondary cultures are

: 1/2 Card

F-l

USSAMPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/20082. CIA-RDP86-00513R001963610010-4'
Abs Jour: Ref. Zhur.-Biol., No 7, 1999, 20082.

divided into 3 groups by the activity of this enzyme: 1) 7 with an activity similar to the original strains; 2) 6 with a greater activity; 3) 9 with less activity. The author considers that the mechanism of adenine and guanine conversion in the original strains and those regenerated from filtrates of secondary cultures are entirely different, and expresses the hypothesis that mucleic acids are deaminated at the nucleoside stage.

: 2/2 Card

F-l

# ZAKHAROVA, I. Ya.

USSR/Microbiology. General Microbiology.

Abs Jour: Ref. Zhur.-Biol., No 7, 1958, 28884.

Author : Zakharova

: The Quantity of Total Acid Insoluble Purines in Bacterium Inst Title

Breslau and in Secondary Cultures Regenerated from its

Filtrates.

Orig Pub: Obshchee kolichestvo purinov i kolichestvo kislotonerast-

vorimykh purinov u Bacterium breslau i u vtorichnykh

kultur, regenerirovannykh iz ego filtratov.

Mikrobiol. zh., 1957, 19, No 1, 33-39.

Abstract: A study was conducted of 4 original strains of Bact.

breslau and 22 secondary cultures regenerated from filtrates. No appreciable difference in purine quantity in

the original strains was found. In the majority of sec-

: 1/2 Card

ZAKHAROVA, I.Ya.

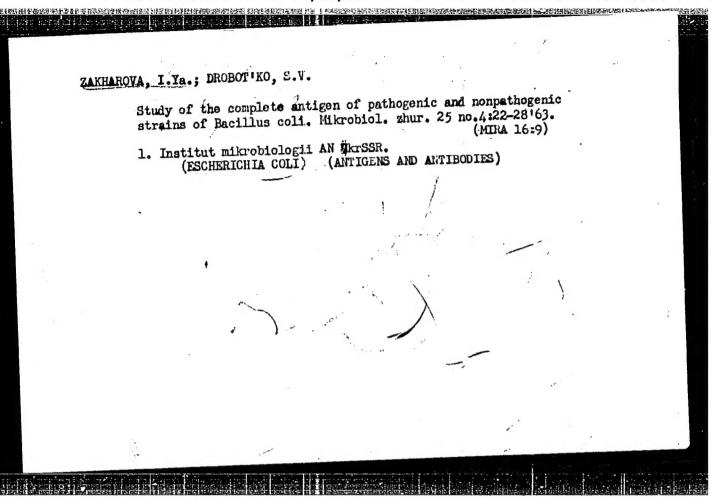
Effect of ultraviolet radiation on the splitting of adenine by Bacterium Bresley and its secondary cultures regenerated from filtrates. Mikrobiol.uhur. 20 no.2140-42 '58 (MIRA 11:8)

1. Z Inatitutu mikrobiologii AN URSR.

(ULTRAVIOLET RAYS--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

(SALMONELLA)

(ADENIHE)



AYZENMAN, B.Yc. [Aizenman, B.TU.]; SHVAYGER, M.O.; MANDRIK, T.P.;

BREDIKHINA, A.N. [Bredikhina, A.M.]; ORISHCHUK, L.F. [Oryshchuk, L.F.];

KOLESOVA, E.A. [Kolesova O.A.]; MISHENKOVA, Ye.L. [Mishenkova, G.L.];

GALKINA, T.A. [Halkina, T.O.]; ZAKHAROVA, I.Ya.; RASHBA, Ye.Ya.

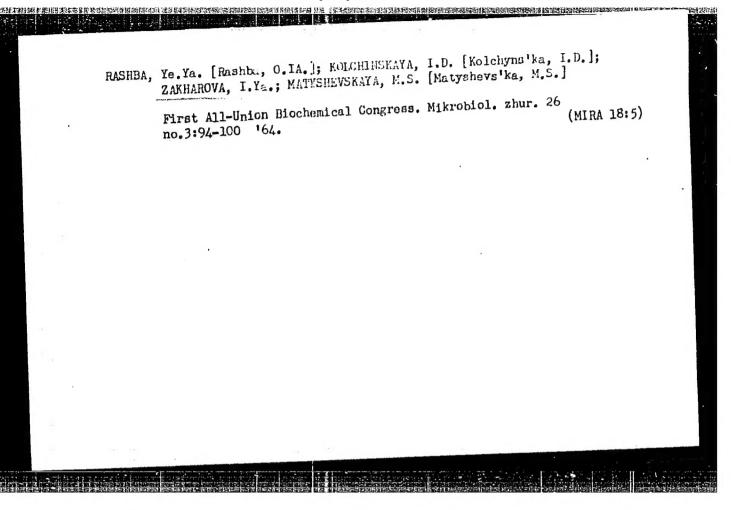
[Rashba, O.IA.]; LAUSHNIK, G.M. [Laushnyk, H.M.];

PREOBRAZHENSKAYA, N.Ye. [Preobrazhens'ka, N.IU.]

Effect of substances of bacterial origin on Ehrlich's carcinoma.

Mikrobiol. zhur. 27 no.6:61-67 '65. (MIRA 19:1)

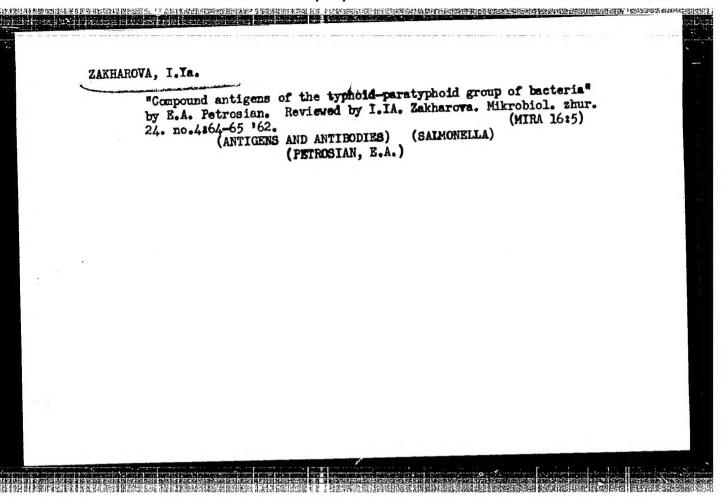
1. Institut mikrobiologii i virusologii AN UkrSSR.



ZAKHAROVA, I. Ya.; DROBOT'KO, S.V.

Polysaccharides of pathogenic and nonpathogenic strains of Escherichia coli obtained after the removal of complete antigen. Mikrobiol. zhur. 25 no.5:19-24 '63 (MIRA 16:12)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN UkrSSR i Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut epidemiologii i mikrobiologii.



ZAKHAROVA, I.Ya.

Xanthinoxidase of primary Bacterium Breslau cultures and subcultures regenerated from its filtrates. Mikrobiol. zhur. 20 no.4:19-22:58. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN UkrSSR.
(SALMONELIA) (XANTHINE OXIDASE)

ZAKHAROVA, I.Ya.

Polysaccharide in complete antigen and other polysaccharide fractions in B. Breslau and in secondary cultures regenerated from its filtrates. Report No. 3: Quantitative determination of monosaccharides and polysaccharides by the chromatographic method. Mikrobiol.zhur. 24 no.2:18-22 '62: (MIRA 15:12)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN UkrSSR.
(SALMONELLA) (POLYSACCHARIDES)
(ANTIGENS AND ANTIBODIES) (MONOSACCHARIDES)

23 no. 3: 64-70 61.	ive bacteria. Mikrobiol. zhur. (MIRA 15:7)
(LIPOPOLYSACCHARIDES)	
•	

RASHBA, Ye.Ya.; GALKINA, T.A.; ZAKHAROVA, I.Ya.; KAGANSKAYA, M.B. Biochemical changes observed in certain coli bacteria during

variability. Trudy Inst. mikrobiol. no. 6:102-109 '59. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN USSR. (ESCHERICHIA COLI) (SALMONELLA TYPHRIMURIUM)

ZAKHAROVA, I.Ya.

Polysaccharide of the complete antigen and other polysaccharidebearing fractions of Bacterium Breslau and secondary cultures regenerated from its filtrates. Report No. 1: Qualitative determination of monosaucharides in polysaccharides by chromatography. Mikrobiol. zhur. 22 no. 5:31-37 160. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Institut mikrobiologii AN USSR. (SAIMONELLA) (POLYSACCHARIDES—ANALYSIS)

USSR / Microbiology. General Microbiology. Physiology and Biochemistry.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 2, 1959, 5472.

Author : Zakharova, I. Ya. : Purine Metabolism in Microorganisms. A Review.

Orig Pub: Mikrobiol. zh., 1958, 20, No 1, 49-59.

Abstract: No abstract.

Card 1/1

ZAKHAROVA, I. Ya., Cand Biol Sci -- (diss) "Study of the cleavage and content of purines in secondary cultures recovered from filterable forms of B. Breslau." Kiev, 1957.

13 pp (Acad Sci Ukr SSR, Department of Biol Sci), 100 copies (KL, 52-57, 105)

- 27 -

Country Catogory : Microbiology, General Microbiology, Growth and Development of the Microbial Population. Abs. Jour : Hof Zhur-Biol., No 23, 1958, No 103603 Author : Zakharova, I. Ya. Institut. : Academy of Sciences Ukrssit Title : Study of Splitting and Content of Purines in Secondary (ultures Regenerated From Filtrable Forms of B. breslau. : Artoref, dise, kand. biol. n., AN USSR, Xiev, 1957 Orig Pub. Abstract : No abstract. 1/1 Card:

DROBOT'KO-AFONSKAYA, S.V. [Drobot'ko-Afons'ka, S.V.]; ZAKHAROVA, I.Ya.

Antigenic characteristics and antigenic structure of polysaccharidecontaining complexes of enteropathogenic and nontypified strains of Escherichia coli. Mikrobiol.zhur. 26 no.4:3-9 164. (MIRA 18:10)

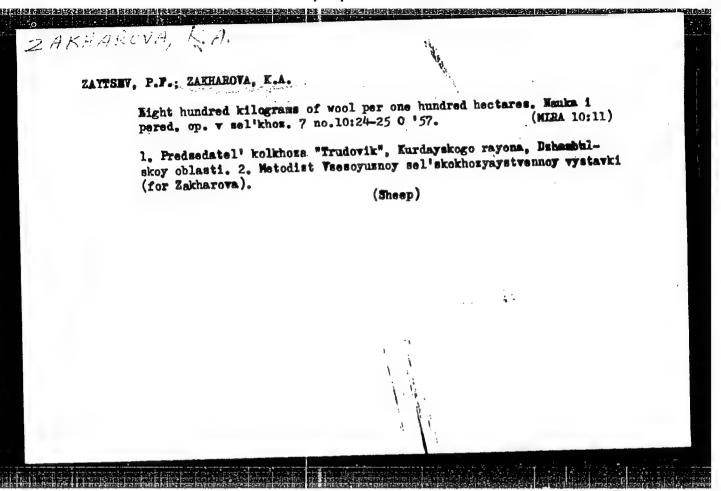
l. Kiyevskiy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut epidemiologii i mikrobiologii i Institut mikrobiologii i virusologii AN UkrSSR.

ZAKHAROVA, K., rabotnitsa; PEREGUDOVA, M., rabotnitsa; RARANOVSKAYA, A., rabotnitsa; KAMENSKIY, M.

Subsidiary work should be mechanized too. Rabotnitsa 36 no.5:25
My 158. (MIRA 11:5)

1. Voronezhskiy shinny; zavod (for Zakharova, Peregudova, Baranovskaya). 2. Tekhnicheskiy inspector Voronezhskogo oblastnogo soveta profsoyuzov (for Kamenskiy).

(Tire, Rubber) (Efficiency, Industrial)



ZAKHAROVA, K. P., KULICHENKO, V. V., BOGDANOV, N. I., ZIMAKOV, P. V. (USSR)

"A Thermic Method of Preparing Sr-90 Sources."

report presented at the Conference on Radioisotopes in Metallurgy and Solid State Physics, IAEA, Copenhagen, 6-17 Sept 1960.

ZAKHAROVA, K.P. (Moskva)

Seminar "Formation and development of space perceptions and concepts in students." Mat. v shkole no.1:87-88 Ja-F '63. (MIRA 16:6)

(Geometry, Modern-Study and teaching)

137 ZAKHAROVA, K.P. 807/5486 THASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION Vsesoyuznoye soveshchaniye po vredreniya radioaktivnykh izotopov i yadernykh izlucheniy v narodnoye khozysystvo SSSR. Riga, 1960. Radioaktivnyye izotopy i yadernyye izlucheniya v narodnom khozyaystve SSSR; trudy soveshchaniya v i tomakh. t. 1: Obshchiye voprosy primeneniya izotopov, pribory s istochnikami radioaktivnykh izlucheniy, radiatsionmaya khimiya, khimichenkaya i neftepererabatyvayushchaya promyshlennost' (Radioactive Isotopes and Ruclear Radiations in the National Economy of the USSR; Tronsections of the Symposium in 4 Volumes. v. 1: General Problems in the Utilization of Isotopes; Instruments With Sources of Radioactive Radiation; Radiation Chemistry; the Chemical and Petroleum-Refining Industry) Moscow, Gostoytekhizdat, 1961. 340 p. 4,140 copies printed. Sponsoring Agency: Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-tekhnicheskiy komitet Soveta Ministrov SSSR, and Gosudarstvennyy komitet Soveta Ministrov SSSR po ispol\*sovaniyu Ed. (Title page): N.A. Petrov, L.I. Petrenko and P.S. Savitskiy; Eds. of this Vol.: L.I. Petrenko, P.S. Savitskiy, V.I. Sinitsin, Ya. N. Kolotyrkin, N.P. Syrkus atomnoy energii. and R.F. Rozza; Executive Eds.: Ye. S. Levins and B. F. Titskaya; Tech. Ed.: E.A. Mikhina. Card 1/10-

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001 CIA-

CIA-RDP86-00513R001963610010-4

SENSON BUT SENSON SENSO 137 BOV /5486 Radioactive Isotopes (Cont.) The book is intended for technical personnel concerned with problems of application of radioscrive isotopes and nuclear radiation in all branches of the Soviet economy. COVERAGE: An All-Union Conference on problems in the introduction of radioactive isotopes and nuclear radiation into the national economy of the Soviet Union took place in Riga on 12-16 April 1960. The Conference was sponsored by: the Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-tekhnicheskiy komitet Soveta Ministrov ESSR (State Scientific and Technical Committee of the Council of Ministers, USSR); Glavnoye upravleniye po ispol'zovaniyu atomnoy energii pri Sovate Ministrov SSSR (Main Administration for the Utilization of Atomic Energy of the Council of Ministers, USSR); Academy of Sciences, USSR; Gosplan USSR; Gosudarstvennyy komitet Screta Hinistrov SSSR po avtomatizatsii i mashinostroyeniyu (State Committee of the Council of Ministers, USER, for Automation and Machine Building) and the Council of Ministers of the Latvian SSR. The transactions of this Conference are published in four volumes. Volume I contains articles on the following subjects: the general problems of the Conference topics; the state and prospects of development of radiation chemistry; and results and prospects of applying radioactive isotopes and nuclear radiation in the petroleum refining and chemical industries. Problems of designing and manufacturing instruments which contain sources of radioactive radiation and are used for checking and automation of technological processes are examined, along with problems of accident prevention in their use. No personalities are mentioned. References accompany some of the

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001963610010-4"

Radioactive Isotopes (Cont.)	
Fradkin, G.M., and Ye. Ye. Kulish. Sources of $\alpha$ -, $\beta$ , $\gamma$ -, and Neutron Radiations for the Checking and Automation of Technological Processes	95
Bogdanov, N.I., and K.P. Zakharova. Some Types of β-Radiation Sources Based on Sr	110
Tordan, G.G., K.S. Furman, and T.G. Neyman. Industrial Safety Problems Involved in the Wide Implementation of Instruments With Radioactive Radiation Sources	116
Bovin, V.P. Principles of Development of Directivity Radiometers	121
Bogdanov, N.I., N.A. Damberg, A.D. Tumul'kan, and V.A. Yanushkovskiy. Use of Standard β-Radiation and Bremsstrahlung Sources in Technological Checking Instruments for Production	125

ZAKHARCVA, K.P.; G'ONOV, Al. V. [translator]

Some problems of instilling into outils the concept of the theory of groups during wir lesson on geometric transformations. Mat i f'z Burg 7 no.5:35-40 164.

1. School No.444, Moscow (for Zakharova).

L 23588-65 ENG(j)/EWT(m)/EPF(c'/EPR/EWP(t)/EWP(b) Pr-4/Ps-4 IJP(c)
JD/dG

ACCESSION NR: AP5001273

8/0089/64/017/006/0502/0503

AUTHOR: Baranayev, M. K.; Vereskunov, V. G.; Zakharova, K. P.

<u>. P</u>. B

TITLE: Conversion of ruthenium dioxide in the presence of chromium

oxide

SOURCE: Atomnaya energiya, v. 17, no. 6, 1964, 502-503

TOPIC TAGS: ruthenium oxide, ruthenium dioxide, ruthenium tetroxide, nuclear fission, waste product, thermochemical conversion, chromium oxide catalyst, chromic oxide

ABSTRACT: The process of conversions which take place on heating mixtures of ruthenium and chromium hydroxides has been studied by thermogravimetrical analysis and x-ray structural analysis. A similar process occurs in the heat treatment of waste products of industrial fission, which contain Rulos and corrosion products of chromium and fron. The end product of thermochemical conversions is RuOs, which is partly volatilized. Volatilization of Ru as RuOs was measured by means of an MST-17 end-window counter which indicated a change in the activity of the Rulos labelled sample. Thermogravimetrical and x-ray

Card 1/2

L 23588-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5001273

6

analysis indicated that an exothermic effect at 4100 with pure ruthenium hydroxide corresponded to the transition of RuO<sub>2</sub> from the amorphous into the crystalline phase, and that volatilization of Ru started at 7000 owing to exidation of RuO<sub>2</sub> to RuO<sub>1</sub>. An exothermic transition at 4500 of amorphous into crystalline chromium oxide was also established in pure chromium hydroxide. However, no exothermic effect was detected in Ru<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>. 2H<sub>2</sub>O = Cr(O<sub>1</sub>)<sub>3</sub> mixtures and volatilization of Rustarted at ~ 4000, when the mixture was heated in air. Heating the mixture in a nitrogen atmosphere produced volatilization of Ru at temperatures over 8000 because of the disproportionation of RuO<sub>2</sub> to form RuO<sub>4</sub> and Ru metal. It was concluded that chromium oxide acts as a catalyst of the oxidation of RuO<sub>2</sub> by atmospheric oxygen thus decreasing the temperature of oxidation.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 16Mar64 ENL: 00 SUB CODE: IC. GC

NO REF 50V: 002 CTIER: 002 ATD PRESS: 3171

Card 2/2

YATSIMIRSKIY, K.B.; ZAKHAROVA, L.A.

Spectrophotometric study of vanadium thie salts in solution. Zhurneorg. khim. 10 no.9:2065-2069 S '65. (MIRA 18:10)

1. Ivanovskiy khimiko-tekhnologicheskiy institut.

ACCESSION NR: AT4008646

S/2945/63/000/015/0071/0074

AUTHOR: Solomonov, B. G.; Zakharova, L. B.

TITLE: Recognition of continuous functions (signals)

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Institut problem peredachi informatsii, Problemy\* peredachi informatsii, no. 15, 1963. Sistemy\* raspredeleniya informatsii. Opoznaniye obrazov, 71-74

TOPIC TAGS: continuous function, continuous image, optical image recognition, continuous optical image, continuous signal, continuous function recognition, signal identification device, signal comparison identification, weighting function determination, integration circuit, image recognition, perceptron

ABSTRACT: Two variants of continuous function identification methods are considered. In the first a certain set of functions is stored in the memory and compared with the unknown function. In the

Card 1/53

ACCESSION NR: AT4008646

other the comparison is applied to functionals, which are discrete values of the functions. In the former variant certain standard functions are represented by contours of simple geometric functions, and the unknown functions are compared with all the standard functions stored in the memory. A function is scanned by measuring continuously the variation of the curvature of its contour. The apparatus essentially minimizes the mean-square difference

$$d_{k}^{2} = \int_{0}^{x} \left[ a_{k}(t) - x(t) \right]^{2} dt,$$

between the standard function  $a_k(t)$  and the unknown function x(t).

In the second method a function  $a_k(t)$  is represented by a numerical parameter

 $c_k = \int \varphi(t) a_k(t) dt$ 

Card 2/83

where $\phi(t)$ is an arbitrary weighting function chosen to produce a maximum difference between the numerical parameters $c_k$ of the entire set of functions $a_k(t)$ . The block diagrams of the two methods are described. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 2 formulas.  ASSOCIATION: Institut problem peredachi informatsii AN SSSR (Institute of Information Transmission Problems, AN SSSR)  SUBMITTED: 00 DATE ACQ: 23Jan64 ENCL: 02  SUB CODE: CO, CP NO REF SOV: 005 OTHER: 000		
maximum difference between the numerical part of the two methods are set of functions ak(t). The block diagrams of the two methods are described. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 2 formulas.  ASSOCIATION: Institut problem peredachi informatsii AN SSSR (Institute of Information Transmission Problems, AN SSSR)  SUBMITTED: 00 DATE ACQ: 23Jan64 ENCL: 02	CCESSION NR: AT4008646	
described. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 2 formation  ASSOCIATION: Institut problem peredachi informatsii AN SSSR  (Institute of Information Transmission Problems, AN SSSR)  SUBMITTED: 00  DATE ACQ: 23Jan64  ENCL: 02	al ccasando norween the numerature F	K
ASSOCIATION: Institut problem peredachi informatsii AN SSSR (Institute of Information Transmission Problems, AN SSSR)  SUBMITTED: 00 DATE ACQ: 23Jan64 ENCL: 02	set of functions $a_{\mathbf{k}}(t)$ . The block diagrams described. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 2 :	formulas.
SUBMITTED: 00 DATE ACQ: 23Jan64 ENCL: 02	ASSOCIATION: Institut problem peredachi inf (Institute of Information Transmission Probl	ormatsii AN SSSR ems, AN SSSR)
SUB CODE: CO, CP NO REF SOV: 005	SUBMITTED: 00 DATE ACQ: 23Jan	64 ENCL: 02
	SUB CODE: CO, CP NO REF SOV: 005	
Card 3/83		

ZAKHAROVA, L.B. (Krasnoyarsk, ul. Kachinskaya, 58, d.2, kv.4)

Cancer statistics in Krasnoyarsk Territory. Vop.onk. 5 no.5:598-601
(MIRA 12:12)

1. Iz Krasnoyarskogo krayevogo onkologicheskogo dispansera (glavnyy vrach - A.I. Sosnina).
(NEOFIASMS, statist.
in Bassia, (Bas))

ZAKHAROVA, L.B.

Tumors of the carotid body. Sov.med. 22 no.11:140-142 H\*58 (MIRA 11:11)

1. Iz gospital'noy khirurgicheskoy kliniki Krasnoyarskogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir. - prof. A.M. Dykhno [deceased]) na baze Krayevoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach V.K. Sologub). (PARAGANGLIOMA, case reports (Rus))

### ZAKHAROVA, L.B.

Cytologic diagnosis of tumors of the oral cavity. Stomatologia 39 no.1:28-31 Ja-F '61. (MLA 14:11)

1. Iz Krasnoyarskogo krayevogo onkologicheskogo dispansera (glavnyy vrach A.I.Sosnina) i kafedry gospital'noy khirurgii (zav. - prof. N.V.Rozovskiy) Krasnoyarskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(MOUTH—TUMORS)

L 41723-65 EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EWP(j)/T Pc-4/Pr-4 RM
UR/0286/65/000/007/0101/0101.

AUTHORS: Stal'nov, V. K.; Gerap, N. A.; Zakharova, L. F.

TITLE: A method for strengthening epoxy resids. Class 39, No. 169777.

SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 7, 1965, 101

TOPIC TAGS: epoxy, amino, oxyamina, polyethylenepolyamine, triethanolamine

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a method for strengthening epoxy resins by primary amines such as polyethylenepolyamines and ternary oxyamines. To extend the "longevity" of compounds based on the epoxy resin, triethenologise is used as the ternary oxyamine.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 27Jul62

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: OG

NO REF SOV : 000

OTHER: 000

Card 1/1 mcc

ANDRIANOVA, I.G., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; BRON, O.B.; ZAKHAROVA, L.G.; PLASTOVA, N.F.; HUNYANTSKVA, T.B.

Data on the vitamin C saturation of the blood of donors living in various localities of the R.S.F.S.R. Akt.vop.perel.krovi no.4:21-23 55. (MIRA 13:1)

1. Fiziko-khimicheskaya laboratoriya Leningradskogo instituta perelivaniya krovi (zav. laboratoriyey - prof. A.P. Vishnyakov). (ASCORBIC ACID) (BLOOD)

21-20公共可测的一位国家研究会社员总统经验与高限的对 医子宫线线 HDP/21 FASSALV(4) FASSA 在自身中心主持中心。

DERVIZ, G.V.; ZAKHAROVA, L.V.

Determination of the respiratory coefficient in tissues having slight respiration characteristics. Lab. delo no.2:90-93 '65. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Biokhimicheskaya laboratoriya (zaveduyushchiy - prof. G.V. Derviz) TSentral'nogo ordena Lonina instituta gematologii i perelivaniya krovi (direktor - dotsent A.Ye. Kiselev), Moskva.

ZAKHAROVA, L.V.; DERVIZ, G.V.

Respiration of cadaverous skin preserved under low temperatures.

(MIRA 18:10)

Vop. med. khim. 11 nc.2:24-28 Mr.Ap 165.

1. Biokhimicheskava laboratoriya i laboratoriya konservirovaniya tkaney TSentral'nogo ordena Lenina instituta gematologii i perelivaniya krovi, Moskva.

ZAXHAROVA, Xh.1.

USSR/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application -- Lacquers. Paints. Drying oils. Siccatives, I-22

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1 957, 6218

Author: Zakharova, KI. I., Pol'sman, B. V.

Institution: Leningrad Metallurgical Plant

Title: Lacquer and Paint Coatings Stable to Water and Water-Oil Emulsion

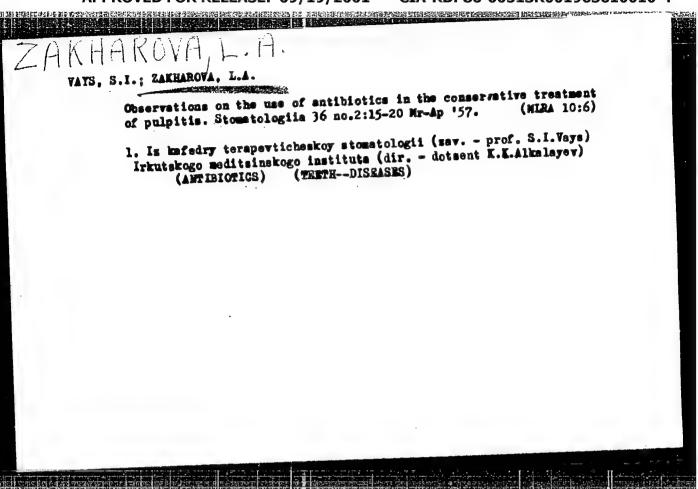
Original

Tr. Leningr. metall. z-da, 1955, No 2, 90-95 Publication:

Abstract: It has been ascertained that for protection against corrosion of component units of steam- and hydraulic turbines, exposed to the action of flowing water, best suited is a chemically stable aluminum paint DP (with ethynol lacquer base), while for component units exposed to a flow of water-oil emulsion best suited for the paint

DP and paints with a RF lacquer base.

Card 1/1



YATSIMIRSKIY, K.B.; ZAKHAROVA, L.A.

Spectrophotometric investigation of molybdenum thidsalts in solution. Zhur.neorg.khim. 8 no.1:96-99 Ja '63. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Ivanovskiy khimiko-tekhnologicheskiy institut.
(Molybdenum salts) (Spectrophotometry)

SHARLAY, I.V.; ZHAGULLO, Ye.I.; ZAKHAROVA, L.A.; NIKITINA, I.I.

Use of aminokrovin in Botkin's disease in children. Sov. (MIRA 18:11) med. 28 no.10:48-52 0 '65.

1. Kafedra infektsionnykh bolezney u detey (zav.- prof. A.T. Kuz'micheva) Leningradskogo pediatricheskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

SHUVALOV, M.A., inzh.; ZAKHAROVA, L.B., inzh.; YARMAK, L.N., inzh.

Regulation of the temperature of superheated steam by varying

the intensity of the flame in a boiler operating on natural gas. Sbor. nauch. soob. SPI no.17:98-104 '62.

(MIRA 17:6)

ZAKHAROVA, L. I. Cand. Med. Sci.

Dissertation: "Nerves of Skin in Dermatites and Eczemas." Central Inst for Advanced Training of Physicians. 11 Nov 47.

SO: Vechernyaya Moskva, Nov, 1947 (Project #17836)

ROZENTUL, M.A.; ASTVATSATUROV, K.R.; ZAKHAROVA, L.I.; BASOVA, O.D.; TRO-FIMOVA, Ye.M.

Treatment of syphilis with penicillin and bismuth but without arsenic. Vest. vener., Moskva no. 5:31-33 Sept-Oct 1952. (GIML 23:3)

1. Professor for Rozentul; Docent for Astvatsaturov; Assistant for Zakharova; and Departmental Physician for Basova of Polyclinic No. 62 and for Trofisova of Hospital imeni Korolenko. 2. Of the Department for Skin and Venereal Diseases (Head -- Prof. M. A. Rozentul), Central Institute for the Advanced Training of Physicians (Director -- V. P. Lebedeva).

ZAKHAROVA, L.I., assistent; AGZIBEGOVA, V.A., ordinator.

Specific osteoperiostitis of the thoracic end of the right clavicle in primary seropositive syphilis. Vest.ven.i derm. no.5:54 S-0 '53. (MLRA 6:12)

(Syphilis) (Bones--Diseases)

ROZENTUL, M.A., professor; ASTVATSATUROV, K.R., dotsent; ZAKHAROVA, L.I., assistent; MILICH, M.V., starshiy laborant; THOFIMOVA, Ye.K.; BOBKOVA-BASOVA, O.D., ordinator

Late results of treating syphilis with arsenic-free drugs. Vest. ven. i derm. no.3:22-27 My-Je 156. (MIRA 9:9)

1. Iz Kafedry koshnykh i venericheskikh bolesney (zav. - prof. A.I. Kartamyshev) TSentral'nogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey (dir. V.P.Lebedeva). TSentral'nogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo koshno-venerologicheskogo instituta, (dir. - kandidat meditsinskikh nauk N.M. Turanov). Klinicheskoy bol'nitsy imeni V.G.Korolenko (glavnyy vrach - zaslushennyy vrach RSFSE V.P.Nikolayev) i venerologicheskogo otdeleniya (zac. - F.A.Levina) bol'nitsy No.33 imeni Ostroumova.

(SYPHILIS, therapy, arsenic-free drugs (Rus))

## ZAKHAROVA, L.I.

Bismuth nephropathy. Vest.ven. i derm. 30 no.2:48 Mr-Ap 156. (MIRA 9:7)

l. Is Kafedry dermato-venerologii TSentral'nogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey. (KIDNEY--DISMASES) (BISMUTH--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

ZAKHAROVA, L.I., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk (Moskva)

Mycotic involvement of the internal organs and the brain following antibiotic therapy. Vrach.delo no.7:751 J1 '57. (MIRA 10:8)

1. Kafedra dermo-venerologii (zav. - prof. A.I.Kartomyshav)

TSentral'nego instituts usovershemstvovaniya vrachey
(AMTBIOTICS) (MEDICAL MYCOLOGY)

(VISCERA--DISEASES)

## 8/2536/64/000/059/0138/0168 AUTHOR: Shishmarev, V. Yu. (Engineer); Zakharova, L. I. (Engineer); Urazayev, Z.F. ACCESSION NR: AT4046041 TITLE: A method of designing current-carrying wipers for potentiometers used in (Candidate of technical sciences) SOURCE: Moscow. Aviatsionny\*y tekhnologicheskiy institut. Trudy\*, no. 59, 1964. gyroscopic instruments Tekhnologiya i konstruirovaniye giropriborov (Technology and design of gyroscopic TOPIC TAGS: gyroscope, gyro instrument, gyro potentiometer, potentiometer brush, instruments), 138-168 commutator brush, wiper design, potentiometer wiper, electrical contact ABSTRACT: The main shortcoming of potentiometers is the low reliability of the contact at the point where the wiper touches the potentiometer winding. This paper examines the at the point where the wiper touches the potentiometer winding. This paper examines the effect of wiper parameters on the reliability of potentiometric transducers, and proposes a method for designing current-carrying wipers. The effect of the contact pressure of a memod for designing current-carrying wipers. The effect of the contact pressure assuring a wipers is examined in detail. Formulas for the minimal contact pressure assuring a reliable contact pressure are derived. For contacts between noble metals the contact pressure should be between 0.2 and 1.2G. The problem of the constancy of the contact Card 1/3

ACCESSION NR: AT4046041

pressure with time is investigated. In this connection, it is noted that for small objects like wipers the effect of internal stresses due to thermal and mechanical processing can be relatively large. The effect of the natural frequency of oscillation of a wiper or the wiper assembly on the reliability of contact is examined, and it is concluded that the frequency of natural oscillation of a wiper must be about twice as high as the maximum frequency of the vibrations actually occurring. On the basis of the above considerations a method for designing the main parameters of wipers is developed which takes into account given operating conditions such as vibration and overload; in this design method a wiper is considered as a beam, one end of which is fixed and the other end of which, the point of contact, is considered to be supported on rollers. Design formulas are derived for arm-type wipers of constant circular cross-section having a flattened segment near the mounting place. The design formulas derived are conveniently summarized in a the mounting place. The design formulas derived are conveniently summarized in a Table, and their use is illustrated in specific examples. The method shows that for given operating conditions and material the magnitude of the desired contact pressure uniquely determines the optimum value of the wiper diameter and length. The operating conditions as well as the wiper metal uniquely determine the optimum magnitude of the

Card 2/3

#### ACCESSION NR: AT4046041

wiper bend inflection to be used. Following this design method the reliability of potentiometric transducers and, consequently, of the instruments where they are used, will be increased. The method proposed can also be employed to design other types of currentcarrying wipers like commutator brushes, elastic parts of central contacts, etc. Orig. art. has: 106 formulas, 19 figures, and 5 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy Aviatsionny\*y tekhnologicheskiy institut (Moscow Institute of Aviation Technology)

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: EE, NG

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 000

Card 3/3

SHISHMAREV, V.Yu., inzh.; ZAKHAROVA, L.I., inzh.; URAZAYEV, Z.F., kand. tekhn. nauk.

Designing current-collecting brushes for the potentiometers of gyroscopic instruments. Trudy MATI no.59:138-168 164.

(MIRA 17:10)

ZAKHAROVA, L.I., kand. med. nauk; ASTVATSATUROV, K.R., dots., red.

[Tuberculosis of the skin] Tuberkulez kozhi. Moskva, TSentr. in-t usovershenstvovaniia vrachei, 1963. 51 p. (MIRA 18:2)

ZAKHAROVA, L.I., kand. med. nauk; ASTVATSATUROV, K.R., dots., red.

[Leprosy] Lepra (prokaza). Moskva, TSentr. in-t unovershenstvovaniia vrachei, 1963. 40 p. (MIRA 17:12)

经运动的证明 医结肠 医连线 医阴道性腹腔 医克拉克氏试验 化对邻唑剂 化对邻唑剂 医马克特氏管炎症

#### ZAKHAROVA, L.I.

Dispensary service of patients with cardiovascular diseases. Zdrav. Ros. Feder. 7 no.5:18-21 My 63. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Zamestitel glavnogo vracha Bol'nitsy No.1, Kineshma Ivanovskoy oblasti. (KINESHMA-CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM-DISEASKS)

GRIBKOVA, L.I.; ZAKHAROVA, L.I.

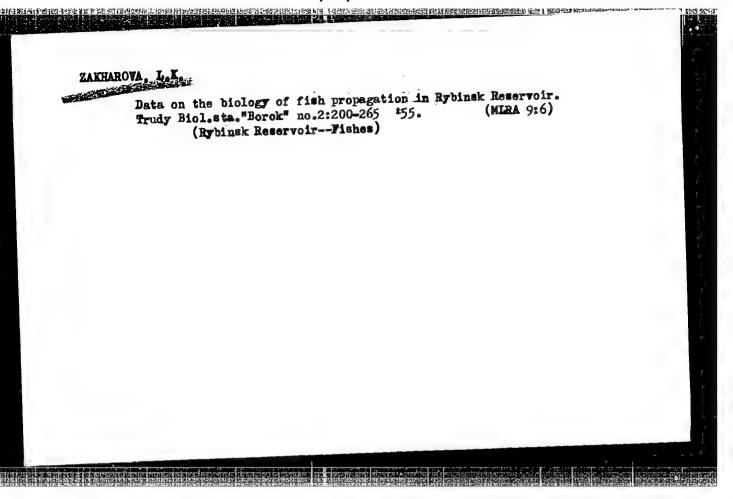
Effectiveness of dispensary service among workers as revealed by materials of the polyclinic of the First Kinesima City Hospital. Zdrav. Ros. Feder. 5 no.5:17-19 My '61. (MIRA 14:5)

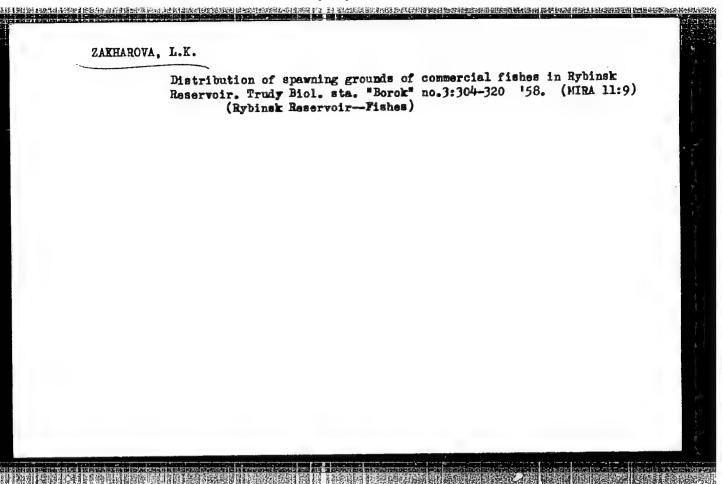
1. Iz mezhrayonnoy bol'nitsy Kineshmy. (KINESHMA—HOSPITALS—OUTPATIENT SERVICES)

ZAKHAROVA, L. K.

Dissertation: "On the Biology of Reproduction of Commercial Fish of the Rybinskoye Reservoir." Cand Biol Sci, Moscow Order of Lenin State U imeni M. V. Lomonosov, 23 Apr 54. (Vechernyaya Moskva--Moscow, 14 Apr 54)

SO: SUM 243, 19 Oct 1954



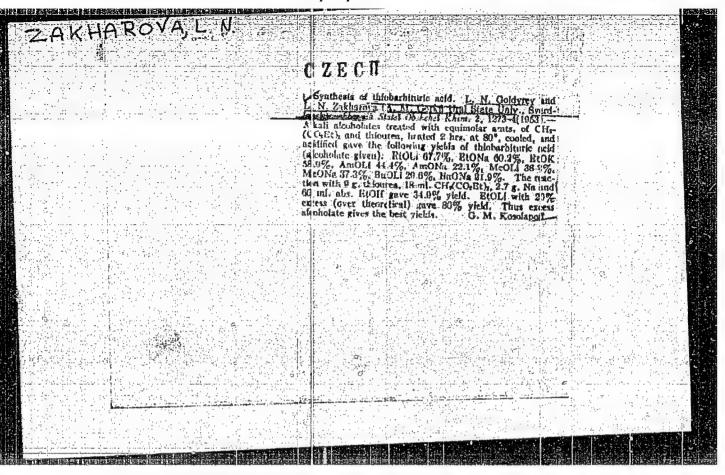


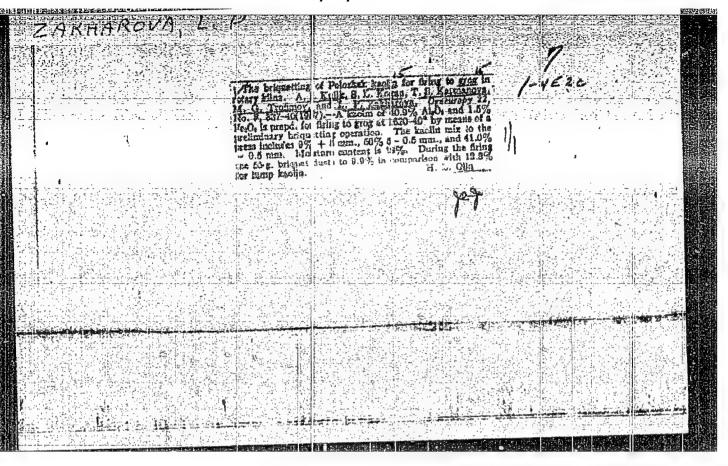
ZAKHAROVA, L.M.

Results of the use of acupuncture in treating neuritis of the facial nerve; clinical and physiological data. Sbor. trud. GMI no.9:219-224 62. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Kafedra fizioterapii TSentral'nogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey (zav. - prof. V.A. Militsin) i laboratoriya reflektornoy terapii AMN SSSR (zav. laboratoriyey chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR prof. N.I. Grashchenkov).

#### 





PROSKURYAKOV, A.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; red.; POPOV, I.V., kand.ekonom.nauk, red.; TOMASHPCH.SKIY, L.M., kand.ekonom.nauk, red.; GCLOVIHSKIY, G.P., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; SCKOLOV, Yu.S., kand.ekonom.nauk, red.; GCLOVIHSKIY, red.; GCLOVIKERASIVILI, Ye.V., kand.ekonom.nauk, red.; BERMEN'ISVA, S.I., red.; ZAKHAROVA, L.S., red.; KULCHIMA, V.I., red.; POSPELOV, Yu.S., red.; SMERTIMA, N.I., red.; SCHOLEVA, N.M., tekhn.red.

[Great Britain; economic survey] Velikobritaniia; ekonomicheekii obzor. Moskva, 1960. 658 p.

[MIRA 13:5)

1. Moscow. Veseoyuznyy institut nauchnoy i tekhnicheskoy informatsii.

(Great Britain—Economic conditions)

ZAKHAROVA, L. S. Cand Agr Sci -- "Certain methods of residing the production and partitutum"
reducing the cost price of pork (According to the example of the agriculture of southeastern regions of Kazakhstan)." Alma-Ata, 1960 (Min of Higher and Secondary Specialized Education KarSSR. Alma-Ata Zoovet Inst). (KL, 1-61, 200)

-288-

PODURAYEV, V.N.; DAL'SKIY, A.M., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; ZAKHAROVA, L.S., ved. red.; PELEKH, M.A., tekhn. red.

是是一个人,我们的人,我们是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们也是一个人,我们也没有我们的,我们也没有

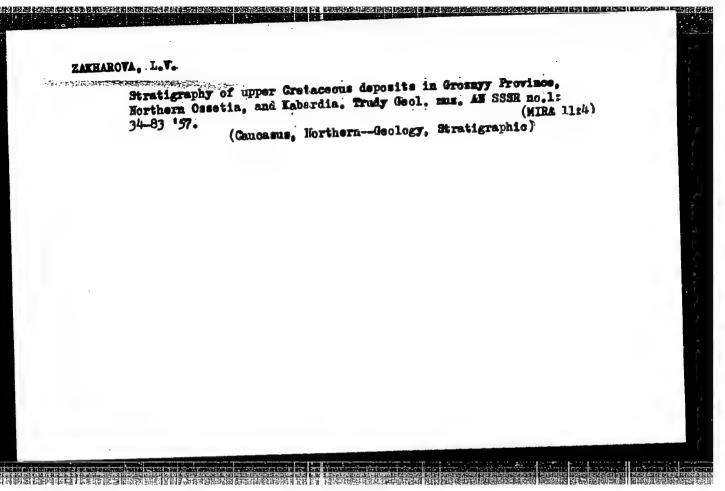
[Organization of research work on vibrations caused by machining]
Organizatsiia nauchno-issledovatel skikh rabot po vibratsiiam pri
mekhanicheskoi obrabotke. Moskva, Vses. in-t nauchno-tekhn. informatsii, 1961. 64 p.

(Metal cutting—Vibration) (Engineering research)

ZAKHAROVA, L.V.

Clinical aspects of influenza in vaccinated subjects in the 1959 epidemic. Vop. virus. 7 no. 1:44-47 Ja-F '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Kafedra infektsionnykh bolezney s epidemiologiyey Kuybyshevskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(!INFLUENZA)



ALBESANDRI-SADOVA, T.A.; ZAKHAROVA, L.V.

Fauna distribution in cross sections of Suchan Basin coslbearing and overlying formations and their importance for age determination. Trudy Lab.geol.ugl. no.8:252-261 '58. (MIRA 11:12)

(Suchan Basin-Palcontology)

Decreasing the prime cost of pork. Trudy AZVI 10:548-555

'57.

1. Iz kafedry ekonomiki i organizatsii sel'skogo khozyaystva
(sav.kafedroy - kand.ekon.nauk, dots. M.V.Chehyshev) AlmaAtinekogo zoovetinstituta.

(Swine--Feeding and feeding stuffs)

NIKOLAYEVA, T. N.; KUDRYAVTSEVA, N. S.; ZAKHAROVA, L. V.

Rapid method for the production of coatings from the fluoroplast-3M suspension. Plast. massy no. 5:45-47 (MIRA 17:5)

SOLOMONOV, V.G., kand. tekhn. nauk; LakhaRova, 1.V.

Recognition of continuous functions. Frobl. pered. inform. no.15:
71-74 \*63 (MIRA 17:8)

ACCESSION NR: AP4035107 S/0191/64/000/005/0045/0047

AUTHORS: Nikolayeva, T.N.; Kudryavtsova, N.S.; Zakharova, L.V.

TITLE: Accelerated method for producing coatings from fluoroplast-3M suspension

SOURCE: Plasticheskiye massy\*, no. 5, 1964, 45-47

TOPIC TAGS: protective coating, fluoroplast 3M, additive, viscosity increasing additive, accelerated coating application, fluorocarbon additive, fluorocalorocarbon additive, hydraulic fluid, manometer liquid, corrosion, coating permeability, adhesion, tensile strength, elongation, acid resistance, alkali resistance

ABSTRACT: The use of additives in fluoroplast-3M suspensions to increase viscosity and permit application of thicker layers of the material while preventing crack formation was investigated. 400-450 micron coatings of fluoroplast-3M are required for adequate protection, but normally only 10-15 micron layers can be applied at a time. The effects of 4-0.25% of fluorocarbon or fluorochlorocarbon liquids No. 12F and No. 13F, hydraulic fluid GZh-10FA and manometer liquid M-1 on viscosity and corrosion were examined. The manometer liquid caused ford 1/2

### ACCESSION NR: AP4035107

no corrosion, but had no essential effect on the viscosity. 4-1% of the liquids Nos. 12 and 13 increased the viscosity of the fluoroplast-3M from 10 to 16-18 seconds, but caused corrosion under the film; 0.5-0.25% of these fluorocarbons did not corrode the metal and did not increase the viscosity sufficiently. Gracks developed in the coatings with a viscosity above 14.8 and application of layers over 40-45 microns. 0.25% hydraulic fluid GZh-10FA proved most suitable: it increased viscosity to 14-15 seconds permitting 35-40 micron layers to be applied at a time; and the permeability of the coating was only slightly greater than of a fluoroplast-3M coating without additives. The adhesion and the mechanical properties (tensile strength, elongation) of the coatings containing the hydraulic fluid practically did not change up to 170C; at -40C the adhesion was even increased over that of coatings with no additive. The coatings were resistant to 35% HCl at 50C, to 40% HF at 50C, 40% NaOH at 100C, 98% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> at 100 and 140C and fuming HNO<sub>3</sub> at 50 and -40C. Orig. art. has: 2 tables and 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 00 Cosub Code: MT

NR REF SOV: 006

41.1.15

ENCL: 00 OTHER: 000

ZAKHAROVA, LV

AUTHOR:

Zakharova, L. V.,

20-6-34/47

TITLE:

On the Age Position of the Upper Horizons of the Upper Cretaceous Section in the Basin of the Vedi River (South Armenia) (O vozrastnom polozhenii verkhnik gqizontov verkhnemelovogo razreza v basseyne reki Vedi (Yuahnaya Armeniya))

PERIODICAL:

Doklady AN SSSR, 1957, Vol. 117, Nr 6, pp. 1041-1044 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Three horizons of the upper part of the Upper Cretaceous along the Khosrov-river (right tributary of the Vedi river) are studied in the present paper. This upper part was called Bozburun suite by Yegoyan (reference 1,2) and was divided into the following three horizons: 1) Ayridzhinskiy, 4-80 m thick, dated as lying in the Congnac-Santonian interval; 2) lower and 3) upper Agasalinskiy horizons. To the lower horizon Yegoyan ascribes a Champagne-age and to the upper hoizon a Maastricht age. Based on the study of the microfauna of these horizons the author came to the opinion that their age is that of the Danain (Danish stage). Beside the ruins of the village of Agasali she studied 3 groups of rock whose lowermost ones correspond to the Ayridzhinskiy horizon, the next one to the Agasalinskiy horizon (60 and 140 m thick). On them lies a 70 m (visible thickness) thick parcel of authogenic clastic limestones (4-5 m thick, with Nummulites sp.) which higher up goes

Card 1/4

20-6-34/47

On the Age Position of the Upper Horizons of the Upper Cretaceous Section in the Basin of the Vedi River.

> over to yellowish limestones and still higher up to greenish-gray marls. It contains Eccene foraminifera. Lists of the foraminifera determined in the two lower horizons are given. They are subdivided into 4 main groups: 1) Residual forms of the Senon which go over to the Danish stage and then die out at its upper boundary. 2) It is the most numerous group and contains species which pocur at the boundary of the Maastricht and the Danish stages and further exist in the Tertiary. 3) Species which in the Kavkaz are usually considered Danish-Paleocene are separately mentioned. In other regions they represent rare finds already beginning in the upper part of the Maastricht or somewhat earlier. 4) The other species of the list given are stratigraphically widely spread and do not contradict the Danish stage. Besides clearly rearrangeed Globotruncana were found. They are not mentioned in the list and apparently caused the erroneous classification of the respective horizon with the Champagne. Thus the problem of these deposits is decided by the utual control of the species of foraminifera. The absence of the characteristic Senon species and the mass occurrence of the Danish-Tertiary species (second group) separate these layers fron the Maastricht. The presence of the residual forms of the

Card 2/4

On the Age Position of the Upper Horizons of the Upper Creta- 20-6-34/47 ceous Section in the Basin of the Vedi River.

Senon which die out at the boundary of the Danish state (first group) in combination with Globigerina moskvini Schutskaja (a a species only occurring in the Danish stage) separates the Danish layers from the Paleocene. The complex studied here differs, as everywhere inthe Sredizemnomorskaya province (Mediterranean province), very sharply from the Senon. But the transition to the Paleocene is not sharp. This is one of the most complicated problems of the stratigraphy of this province and also in Kavkaz (Malyy Kavkaz) it could hitherto only be solved in the place described here, as the Danish deposits are here separated from the Paleocene. There are at present no contradictions between the determinations of the macro- and microfauna in this place. The Senon age of the "Agasalinskiy" horizons shall therefore unreservedly be given up and a considerable gap as well as the transgressive stratification of the Danish stage on the so-called "Ayridzhinskiy" horizon shall be recognized. The latter, by the author's opinion, represents the remainders not washed out of the Congnac- Maastricht (or Santonian-Maastricht-)-Carbonate series. Yegoyan's "Podketuzkaya" suite (reference 2) probably belongs to higher layers of the Paleozoic deposits. There are 6 Slavic references.

Card 3/4

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001963610010-4"

20-6-34/47

On the Age Position of the Upper Horizons of the Upper Cretaceous Section in the Basin of the Vedi- River.

,但是1917年11月1日,1917年11月1日,1917日,1917日,1917日,1917日,1917日,1917日,1917日,1917日,1917日,1917日,1917日,1917日,1917日,1917日,1

ASSOCIATION: Laboratory of Aeromethods AN USSR (Laboratoria aerometodov

Akademii nauk SSSR)

PRESENTED: June 29, 1957, by D.V. Nalivkin, Academician

SUBMITTED: June 25, 1957

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 4/4

MOVSHOVICH, E.B.; ZAKHAROVA, L.Ya.; ZUBOVA, M.A.; KOCHAR YANTS, S.B., MELIK-PASHAYEVA, N.V.; SHALUKHINA, A.D.

Basic problems of the correlation of Mesozoic and Paleogene sediments in the Volga-Don territory. Trudy NILneftegaza no.13:5-38 (MIRA 18:9)

GVOZDETSKIY, Wikolay Andrewevich, prof.; ZHUCHKOVA, Vera Kapiténovna, dotsent: FEDINA, Aleksandra Yefimovna, kand.geograf.nauk; ZAKHA-ROVA, Lidiya Yakovlevna; YUDIN, G.F., red.; YERMAKOV, M.S., tekhn.red.

> [Physical geography of the U.S.S.R.; selected lectures for students attending geography faculties of correspondence schools] Fizicheskaia geografiia SiSR; isbrannye lektsii dlia studentov-zaochnikov geograficheskikh fakul tetov. Pod red. N.A. Gvozdetskogo. Moskva, Izd-vo Mosk.univ., 1959. 106 p. (MIRA

1. Kafedra fizicheskov geografii SSSR Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta (for Gwondetskiy, Zhuchkova, Fedina, Zakharova). (Playsical geography)

ZAKHAROVA, L.Ya.

Landscape of the Volga-Akhtuba flood plain and the arid steppe of the western Caspian Sea region within the boundaries of the Stalin Collective Farm. Uch.zap.Mosk.un. no.170:177-180 '54. (MIRA 8:5)

(Akhtuba Valley--Physical geography)

(Yenotayevka District--Steppe)

IRONT'YEV, O.K.; FOTEYEVA, N.I.; ZAKHAROVA, L.Ya.; SHLYKOVA, L.M.

Principle stages in the history of the southern part of
the Velga-Ural interfluve during the recent Quaternary period.
Nauch. dekl. vys. shkely; geol.-geeg. nauki ne.3:79-89 '58.

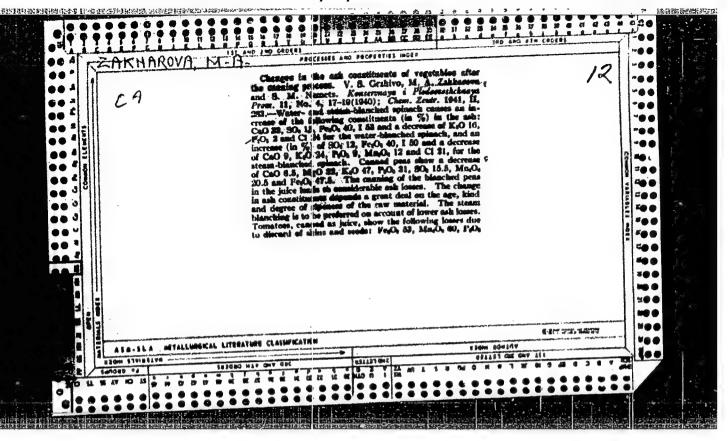
(MIRA 12:1)

1. Meskevskiy universitet, geograficheskiy fakul'tet, kafedra
geomerfelegii.

(Velga Valley-Geelegy, Stratigraphic)

(Ural Valley-Geelegy, Stratigraphic)

	raphy - Physical geography
	Pub. 86 - 11/36  Zakharova, L. Ya.
Title Feriodical	Priroda 44/6, 80 - 85, Jun 1955
	1111098 4470, 50
	The region along the lower Volga is described where for hundreds of kilometers the Volga has, parallel to its main stream, several channels known collectively as the Aktuba river. This region, flanked by desertlike steppes is periodically flooded, making possible its utilization for gardening and tree growing. The areas more distant from the Volga, but still affected by its water, are used for pasturing. Two Soviet references (1951-1952). Illustrations.
	of kilometers the Volga has, parallel to its main stream, several channels known collectively as the Aktuba river. This region, flanked by desertlike steppes is periodically flooded, making possible its utilization for gardening and tree growing. The areas more distant from the Volga, but still affected by its water, are used for pasturing. Two Soviet references (1951-1952). Illustrations.



ZAKHAROVA, M.A.

Results of treating acute pulmonary abscesses with mycerin sulfate. Sov. med. 27 no.6:119-120 Je 164. (MRA 18:1)

l. Terapevticheskoye otdeleniye mediko-sanitarnoy chasti "Stavropoli-neft", Zhigulevsk, Kuybyshevskoy oblasti.

### BRODSKAYA, N.G.; ZAKHAROYA, M.A.

Colloid-dispersed minerals in the Tertiary deposits of the southern regions of Sakhalin Island. Dokl. AN SSSR 107 no.2:309-312 Mr \*56.
(MIRA 9:7)

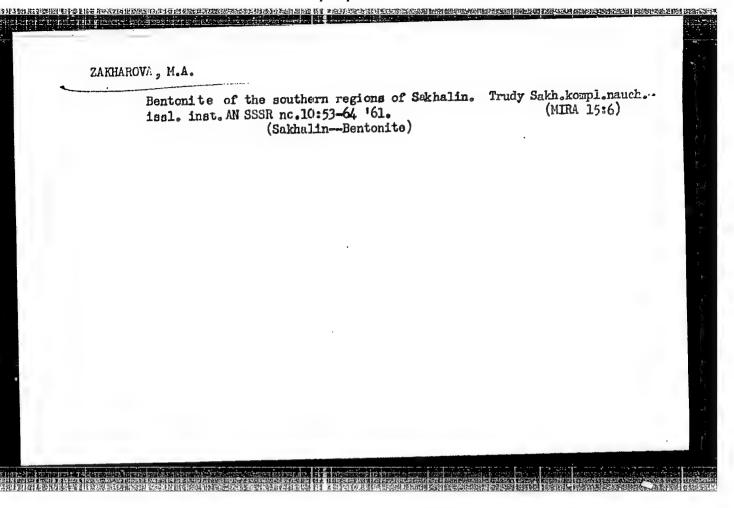
1. Sakhalinskiy filial Akademii nauk SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom H. M. Strakhovym.

(Sakhalin--Minerals)

ZAKHAROVA, M.A.; PODZOROVA, D.I.; SAFRONOVA, I.G.

Ilthology and phosphate potential of Oligocene sediments of the Lower Miocene in the southern part of Sakhalin. Trucy Sakh.kompl.nauch.issl. inst. AN SSSR no.10:24-36 '61.

(Sakhalin-Phosphates)



SHILOV, V.N.; ZAKHAROVA, M.A.; IL'YEV, A.Ya.; PODZOROV, A.V.

Eruption of the Yuzhno-Sakhalinsk Mud Volcano in the spring of 1959. Trudy Sakh.kompl.nauch.-issl. inst. AN SSSR no.10:83-99 '61. (MIRA 15:6)

(Sakhalin-Volcanoes)

BRODSKAYA, H.G.; ZAKHAROVA, M.A.

Lithotectonic complexes in Tertiary sediments of Schalin and sedimentary mineral products associated with the. Isv. AN SSSR. Ser. geol. 25 no.7:51-67 Jl '60. (MIRA 13:10)

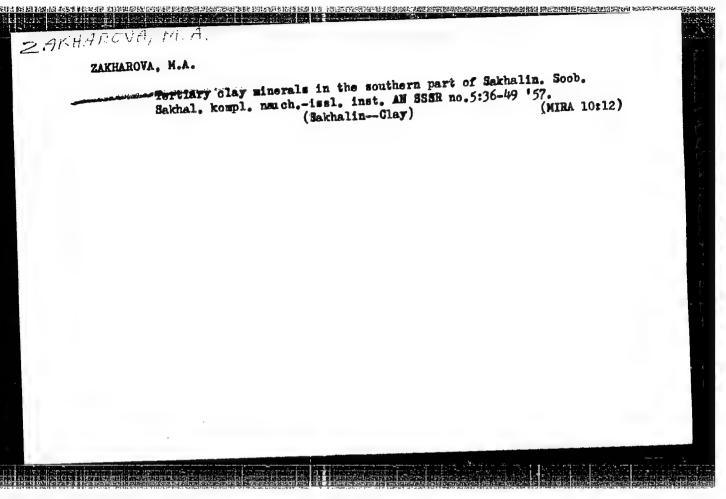
l. Geologicheskiy institut AM SSSR, Moskva. (Skhalin-Rocks, Sedimentary)

# ZAKHAROVA, M.A., aspirant Some changes in the cardiovascular system in whooping cough patients. Ped., akush. i gin. 22 no.4:11-13 '60. (MIRA 14:5) 1. Kafedra detskikh infektsionnykh bolezney (zaveduyushchiy - prof. O.V.Cherkasov) Kiyevskogo ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni meditsinskogo instituta im. akademika A.A.Bogomol'tsa (direktor - dotsent I.P.Alekseyenko). (CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM)

ZAKHAROVA, M.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; ZAKHAROV, K.V., kand.tekhn.nauk, dots.

Impact bending of an orthotropic bar of rectangular cross section. Trudy LIEI no.23:112-117 '58. (MIRA 12:5)

(Elastic plates and shells)



ZAKHAROVA, M. G., Candidate Med Sci (diss) -- "Consecutive use of streptomycin and phthivazide in pulmonary tuberculosis". Moscow, 1959. 14 pp (Acad Med Sci USSR), 200 copies (KL, No 24, 1959, 149)

ZAKHAROVA, M.G., aspirant

Alternating use of phthivarid and streptomycin in tuberculosis therapy. Frobl.tub. 36 no.7:65-70 '58. (MIRA 12:8)

1. Is terapevticheskogo otdeieniya Listituta tuberkulesa AMN SSSR (dir.Z.A.Lebedeva, nauchvyy rukovoditel' - prof.B.A. Shmelev).

(THERCULOSIS) (BICOTINIC AND) (STREPTOMYCIE)

ZAKHAROVA, M.C., kand.med.nauk

Influenza in patients with pulmonary tuberculosis. Sov.med. 25 (MIRA 1449)

no.1:134-136 Ja '61.

1. Iz terapevticheskoy kliniki Instituta tuberkuleza AMN SSSR (direktor - chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR prof.N.A.Shmelev). (TUBERCULOSIS)

(INFLUENZA)

BUGRCVA, L.W.; ZAKHAROVA, M.G.; GAPERSON, E.I.; TKACHUK, M.A.

Upper Paleocene and Lower Modene complexes of Poraminifers in
Turkmenistan. Trudy VSEC51 109:178-186 '63. (Mikh 17:7)